

Interim Analysis Results for the Effectiveness and Safety of Trastuzumab Deruxtecan in Patients with HER2-Low Breast Cancer and Brain Metastases: The HALLOW Study

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Supplementary Material

Supplementary Table 1. BOR and IC-BOR

	BOR by physician			IC-BOR by Brain-ICR per RECIST v1.1					
	Effectiveness analysis set			Effectiveness analysis set			Effectiveness analysis set (Reliably evaluable per RECIST v1.1 only)		
	All (n = 33)	Cohort 1 (HR-) (n = 8)	Cohort 2 (HR+) (n = 25)	All ^a (n = 32)	Cohort 1 (HR-) (n = 8)	Cohort 2 ^a (HR+) (n = 24)	All (n = 22)	Cohort 1 (HR-) (n = 6)	Cohort 2 (HR+) (n = 16)
CR	1 (3.0)	0 (0)	1 (4.0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
PR	5 (15.2)	0 (0)	5 (20.0)	2 (6.3)	1 (12.5)	1 (4.2)	2 (9.1)	1 (16.7)	1 (6.3)
SD	11 (33.3)	4 (50.0)	7 (28.0)	8 (25.0)	1 (12.5)	7 (29.2)	8 (36.4)	1 (16.7)	7 (43.8)
Non-CR/non-PD	2 (6.1)	1 (12.5)	1 (4.0)	8 (25.0)	2 (25.0)	6 (25.0)	8 (36.4)	2 (33.3)	6 (37.5)
PD	5 (15.2)	1 (12.5)	4 (16.0)	4 (12.5)	2 (25.0)	2 (8.3)	4 (18.2)	2 (33.3)	2 (12.5)
NE^b	9 (27.3)	2 (25.0)	7 (28.0)	10 (31.3)	2 (25.0)	8 (33.3)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)

Data are n (%).

^a One case was excluded from the analysis of IC-BOR, because BMs were confirmed by Brain-ICR, but IC-BOR could not be calculated.

^b This analysis dataset includes pts who were ongoing at the data cutoff date, had a short observation period, or had died early. In these cases, CT/MRI images other than baseline were missing, and Brain-ICR could only classify them as NE.

Abbreviations: BOR, best overall response; Brain-ICR, Brain-independent central review; IC, intracranial, NE, not evaluable.